EXHIBIT A

DISTRIBUTION PLAN

I. OVERVIEW

- 1. This Distribution Plan (the "Plan") was developed by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") in accordance with practices and procedures customary in Fair Fund administrations. This Plan provides for the distribution of a Fair Fund (the "Fair Fund"), comprised of disgorgement, prejudgment interest, and civil money penalties paid by Strong Investment Management ("SIM") and Joseph B. Bronson ("Bronson") in this proceeding.
- 2. As described more specifically below, the Plan seeks to compensate clients who were harmed by the Defendants' conduct alleged in the Complaint, in connection with a cherry-picking scheme. As calculated using the methodology detailed in the Plan of Allocation (Attachment A), clients will be compensated for their losses due to the misconduct of Defendants SIM and Bronson in improperly allocating trades to client accounts between January 3, 2012 and July 27, 2016 (the "Relevant Period"). Based on information obtained by the Commission during its investigation and the review and analysis of applicable records, the Commission has reasonably concluded that it has all records necessary to calculate each investor's harm. As a result, the Fair Fund is not being distributed according to a claims-made process.
- 3. The Commission has custody of the Fair Fund and shall retain control of the assets of the Fair Fund. The Court retains jurisdiction over its implementation.

II. BACKGROUND

4. On February 20, 2018, the Commission filed a Complaint against SIM, Bronson, and John B. Engebreston ("Engebreston") (collectively, "Defendants"). According to the Complaint, from January 2012 through in or about July 2016, SIM and Bronson engaged in a fraudulent trade allocation scheme known as cherry-picking. Bronson carried out this scheme by trading in SIM's omnibus account and delaying

allocation of those trades until he determined the security's intraday performance. SIM and Bronson's cherry-picking scheme led to a disproportionate number of profitable trades allocated to Bronson's own account and a disproportionate allocation of unprofitable trades to client accounts.

- 5. On August 21, 2019, the Court entered Final Judgments against SIM [Docket 45] and Bronson [Docket 46], ordering SIM and Bronson, jointly and severally, to pay disgorgement of \$960,656 and prejudgment interest of \$100,501.39. Bronson was also ordered to pay a civil penalty of \$184,767. SIM and Bronson have paid the judgment in full, a total of \$1,245,924.39. All of the ordered funds that were paid are currently held in an interest-bearing account with the United States Department of Treasury's Bureau of the Fiscal Service.
- 6. On September 20, 2021, the Court established a Fair Fund and appointed Miller Kaplan Arase LLP ("MKA") as the Tax Administrator to execute all the tax reporting and filing requirements for the Fair Fund [Docket 54].
- 7. On June 8, 2022, the Court appointed Guidehouse, Inc., Baker & Hostetler LLP, and PACE Claims Services LLC ("GBP") as the Distribution Agent to oversee the administration and distribution of the Fair Fund [Docket 63].

III. DEFINITIONS

As used in this Plan, the following definitions will apply:

- 8. "Administrative Costs" shall mean any administrative costs and expenses, including without limitation tax obligations, the fees and expenses of the Tax Administrator and the Distribution Agent, and investment and banking costs.
- 9. "**Distribution Payment**" means a payment from the Fair Fund to a Payee in accordance with the terms of this Plan.
- 10. "Eligible Claimant" means a Preliminary Claimant, who is determined to have suffered a Recognized Loss, pursuant to the Plan of Allocation, and who is not an Excluded Party or an Unresponsive Preliminary Claimant.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- "Excluded Party" shall mean: (a) the Defendants, and Defendants' 11. advisers, agents, nominees, assigns, creditors, heirs, distributees, spouses, parents, 2 children, or controlled entities; (b) the Distribution Agent, its employees, and those 3 Persons assisting the Distribution Agent in its role as the Distribution Agent; and (c) any 4 5 purchaser or assignee of another Person's right to obtain a recovery from the Fair Fund for value; provided, however, that this provision shall not be construed to exclude those 6 Persons who obtained such a right by gift, inheritance or devise. 7
 - "Fair Fund" means the fund created by the Court pursuant to Section 308(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, for the benefit of investors harmed by Defendants' violations alleged in the Complaint.
 - "Final Determination Notice" means the written notice sent by the 13. Distribution Agent to (a) any Preliminary Claimant who timely submitted a written dispute of his, her, or its calculated Recognized Loss notifying the Preliminary Claimant of its resolution of the dispute; and (b) those Preliminary Claimants who have not responded to the Plan Notice as described in paragraph 17, except for those whose Plan Notice were returned as "undeliverable," notifying the Preliminary Claimant that he, she, or it has been deemed an Unresponsive Preliminary Claimant. The Final Determination Notice will constitute the Distribution Agent's final ruling regarding the status of the claim.
 - "Net Available Fair Fund" means the Fair Fund, plus any interest or 14. earnings, less Administrative Costs.
 - "Payee" means an Eligible Claimant whose distribution amount is equal to or greater than \$10.00, as calculated in accordance with the Plan of Allocation, who will receive a Distribution Payment.
 - "Person" means natural individuals as well as legal entities such as 16. corporations, partnerships, or limited liability companies.
 - "Plan Notice" means a written notice from the Distribution Agent to each 17. Preliminary Claimant regarding the Court's approval of the Plan, including, as

appropriate: a statement characterizing the distribution; a link to the approved Plan posted on the Commission's website and instructions for requesting a copy of the Plan; specification of any information needed from the Preliminary Claimant to prevent him, her, or it from being deemed an Unresponsive Preliminary Claimant; his, her, or its preliminary Recognized Loss; a description of the tax information reporting and other related tax matters; the procedure for the distribution as set forth in the Plan; and the name and contact information for the Distribution Agent as a resource for additional information or to contact with questions regarding the distribution.

- 18. "Plan of Allocation" means the methodology by which a Preliminary Claimant's Recognized Loss is calculated. The Plan of Allocation is attached as Attachment A.
- 19. "Preliminary Claimant" means a Person, or their lawful successors, identified by the Distribution Agent based on its review and analysis of applicable records obtained by the Commission during its investigation, who may have suffered a loss as a result of improper allocation of trades to their accounts by Defendants during the Relevant Period.
- 20. "**Recognized Loss**" means the amount of loss calculated for a Preliminary Claimant in accordance with the Plan of Allocation.
 - 21. "Relevant Period" is January 3, 2012 through July 27, 2016.
- 22. "Unresponsive Preliminary Claimant" means a Preliminary Claimant whose address the Distribution Agent has not been able to verify and/or who does not timely respond to the Distribution Agent's attempts to obtain information, including any information sought in the Plan Notice. Unresponsive Preliminary Claimants will not be eligible for a distribution under the Plan.

IV. TAX COMPLIANCE

23. Pursuant to the Court's Order [Docket 54], the Tax Administrator shall handle the tax obligations of the Fair Fund, and will be entitled to compensation for reasonable fees and expenses incurred in performance of its duties.

- 24. The Fair Fund constitutes a Qualified Settlement Fund ("QSF") under Section 468B(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 26 U.S.C. § 468B(g), and related regulations, 26 C.F.R. §§ 1.468B-1 through 1.468B-5. The Tax Administrator is the administrator of such QSF for purposes of Treas. Reg. § 1.468B-2(k)(3)(I) and shall satisfy the tax-related administrative requirements imposed by Treas. Reg. § 1.468B-2, including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Obtaining a taxpayer identification number;
- (b) Requesting funds necessary for the timely payment of all applicable taxes, the payment of taxes for which the Tax Administrator has received funds, and the filing of applicable returns; and
- (c) Fulfilling any information reporting or withholding requirements imposed on distributions from the Fair Fund.

V. DISTRIBUTION AGENT

- 25. The Distribution Agent will be responsible for administering the Fair Fund in accordance with the Plan. This will include, among other things, taking reasonable steps to obtain accurate mailing information for Preliminary Claimants; disseminating the Plan Notice; preparing accountings; cooperating with the Tax Administrator appointed by the Commission to satisfy any tax liabilities and to ensure compliance with income tax reporting requirements, including but not limited to Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA); disbursing the Fair Fund in accordance with this Plan, as ordered by the Court; and researching and reconciling errors and reissuing payments, when possible.
- 26. To carry out the purposes of this Plan, the Distribution Agent is authorized to make and implement immaterial changes to the Plan upon agreement of the Commission staff. If a change is deemed to be material by the Commission staff, Court approval is required prior to implementation by amending the Plan.
- 27. The Distribution Agent may extend any procedural deadline contained in the Plan for good cause shown, if agreed upon by the Commission staff.

- 28. The Distribution Agent is entitled to rely on all outstanding rules of law and Court orders. The Distribution Agent will not be liable to anyone, except the Commission on behalf of the Fair Fund for a pecuniary loss to the Fair Fund, for any action taken or omitted by the Distribution Agent in connection with the Plan and all Preliminary Claimants will have no claims against the Distribution Agent, its employees, agents, and attorneys in connection with the Plan and the administration of the Fair Fund, and will be deemed enjoined from prosecuting or asserting any such claims, except upon a finding by this Court of gross negligence or reckless disregard of duty under this Plan.
- 29. The Distribution Agent is authorized to enter into agreements with third parties as may be appropriate or necessary in the administration of the Fair Fund, provided such third parties are not excluded pursuant to other provisions of this Plan. In connection with such agreements, the third parties shall be deemed to be agents of the Distribution Agent under this Plan.
- 30. The Distribution Agent may be removed at any time by the Court, and replaced with a successor. In the event the Distribution Agent decides to resign, it will first give written notice to the Commission staff and the Court of such intention, and such resignation will not be effective until the Court has appointed a successor. The Distribution Agent will then follow such instructions as such successor or the Court provides in turning over management of the Fair Fund.
- 31. The Distribution Agent will be entitled to reasonable fees and expense incurred in the performance of its duties (including any such fees and expenses incurred by agents, consultants or third parties retained by the Distribution Agent in furtherance of its duties).

VI. PLAN PROCEDURES

Specification of Preliminary Claimants

32. Using information obtained during its investigation, the Commission has identified the Preliminary Claimants. Preliminary Claimants are limited to only those

Persons who may have suffered a loss as a result of the improper allocation of trades to their accounts by Defendants during the Relevant Period.

Procedures for Locating and Notifying Preliminary Claimants

- 33. Within thirty (30) days of Court approval of the Plan, the Distribution Agent will:
 - (a) Establish and maintain a website devoted solely to the Fair Fund. The Fair Fund's website will make available a copy of the approved Plan, include a copy of the Plan Notice, and related materials in downloadable form, and such other information that the Distribution Agent believes will be beneficial to Preliminary Claimants.
 - (b) Establish and maintain a toll-free telephone number for Preliminary Claimants to call and speak to a live representative of the Distribution Agent during its regular business hours or, outside of such hours, to hear pre-recorded information about the Fair Fund.
 - (c) Establish and maintain a traditional mailing address and an email address that will be listed on all correspondence from the Distribution Agent to Preliminary Claimants as well as on the Fair Fund's website.
 - (d) Establish and maintain a case specific database of all Preliminary Claimants based upon information provided to and obtained by the Distribution Agent, including the last known physical and email addresses.
 - (e) Run a National Change of Address search to retrieve updated addresses for all records in the database, thereby ensuring the mailing information for Preliminary Claimants is up-to-date; and
 - (f) Send a Plan Notice to each Preliminary Claimant's last known email address (if known) and/or mailing address.

34. The Commission staff retains the right to review and approve any material posted on the Fair Fund's website, any communication with investors, and any scripts used in connection with communications with investors.

Undeliverable Mail

- 35. The Distribution Agent will attempt to locate any Preliminary Claimant whose mailing is returned as undeliverable by the U.S. Postal Service or otherwise, including an advanced address search using commercially available resources, if feasible, and will document all such efforts. If another address is obtained, the Distribution Agent will then resend it the Preliminary Claimant's new address within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the returned mail. If the mailing is returned again, and the Distribution Agent, despite best practicable efforts, is unable to find a Preliminary Claimant's correct address, the Distribution Agent, in its discretion, may deem such Preliminary Claimant an Unresponsive Preliminary Claimant.
- 36. The Distribution Agent, with Commission staff approval, may engage a third party search firm to conduct more rigorous searches for Persons whose mailings are returned as undeliverable.
- 37. Any Preliminary Claimant who relocates or otherwise changes contact information after receipt of the Plan Notice must promptly communicate any change in address or contact information to the Distribution Agent.

Procedures to Request Plan Notice

38. Any Person who does not receive a Plan Notice, as described in paragraph 33(f), but who is aware of this Plan (e.g., through other Preliminary Claimants or on www.sec.gov) and believes they should be included as a Preliminary Claimant should contact the Distribution Agent within forty-five (45) days from the approval of the Plan to establish that they should be considered a Preliminary Claimant. The Distribution Agent will send the Person a Plan Notice within fourteen (14) days of receiving the Person's documentation, if the Distribution Agent determines that the Person should have received a Plan Notice.

Failure to Respond to Plan Notice

39. If a Preliminary Claimant is requested to respond and fails to respond within sixty (60) days from the initial mailing of the Plan Notice, the Distribution Agent will make no fewer than two (2) attempts to contact the Preliminary Claimant by telephone or email. The second attempt will in no event take place more than ninety (90) days from the initial mailing of the Plan Notice. If a Preliminary Claimant fails to respond to the Distribution Agent's contact attempts as described in this paragraph, the Distribution Agent, in its discretion, may deem such Preliminary Claimant an Unresponsive Preliminary Claimant.

Dispute Process

40. Disputes will be limited to calculation of Recognized Loss. Within sixty (60) days of the initial mailing Plan Notice, the Distribution Agent must receive a written communication detailing any dispute along with any supporting documentation. The Distribution Agent will investigate the dispute, and such investigation will include a review of the written dispute as well as any supporting documentation.

Final Determination Notices

41. Within ninety (90) days of the initial mailing of the Plan Notices, the Distribution Agent will send a Final Determination Notice to (a) any Preliminary Claimant who timely submitted a written dispute as described in paragraph 40 above, notifying the Preliminary Claimant of its resolution of the dispute; and (b) those Preliminary Claimants who have not responded to the Plan Notice, as described in paragraph 39 above, except for those whose Plan Notice were returned as undeliverable, notifying the Preliminary Claimant that he, she, or it has been deemed an Unresponsive Preliminary Claimant.

Distribution Methodology

42. The Distribution Agent will calculate each Preliminary Claimant's Recognized Loss in accordance with the Plan of Allocation. All Preliminary Claimants

who are determined to have a Recognized Loss, and who are not deemed an Excluded Party or an Unresponsive Preliminary Claimant will be deemed an Eligible Claimant.

43. No Distribution Payments will be made for less than \$10.00. If an Eligible Claimant's Recognized Loss, in accordance with the Plan of Allocation, calculates to a distribution amount less than \$10.00, that Eligible Claimant will be deemed ineligible to receive a Distribution Payment and his, her, or its distribution amount will be reallocated on a *pro-rata* basis to Eligible Claimants whose distribution amounts are greater than or equal to \$10.00. All Eligible Claimants whose Recognized Loss calculates to a distribution amount equal to or greater than \$10.00 will be deemed a Payee and will receive a Distribution Payment.

Establishment of a Reserve

- 44. Before determining the amount of funds available for distribution and calculating each Payee's Distribution Payment, the Distribution Agent, in conjunction with the Tax Administrator, will establish a reserve to pay Administrative Costs and to accommodate any unexpected expenditures (the "Reserve").
- 45. After all Distribution Payments are made and Administrative Costs paid, any remaining amounts in the Reserve will become part of the Residual described in paragraph 64 below.

Preparation of the Payment File

46. Within one-hundred twenty (120) days of Court approval of the Plan, the Distribution Agent will compile and send to the Commission staff the Payee information, including the name, address, calculated Recognized Loss, and the amount of the Distribution Payment for all Payees (the "Payee List"). The Distribution Agent will also provide a Declaration to the Commission staff, representing that the Payee List: (a) was compiled in accordance with the approved Plan; (b) is accurate as to Payees' names, addresses, Recognized Losses and amounts of their Distribution Payment; (c) includes the number of Payees compensated; (d) the percentage of Recognized Loss being compensated by the disbursement from the Fair Fund, and if applicable, the total

percentage to include all prior disbursements; (e) the total amount being distributed; and (f) provides all information necessary to make a payment to each Payee.

The Escrow Account

- 47. Prior to the disbursement of funds from the Net Available Fair Fund, the Distribution Agent will establish an escrow account (the "Escrow Account") with a United States commercial bank that is a well-capitalized financial institution as defined by the Federal Reserve Act, Subpart D, 12 C.F.R. 208.43 and that is not unacceptable to the Commission (the "Bank"), pursuant to an escrow agreement (the "Escrow Agreement") to be provided by Commission staff.
- 48. The Distribution Agent, pursuant to the Escrow Agreement, shall also establish with the Bank a separate deposit account (e.g. controlled distribution account, managed distribution account, linked checking and investment account) (the "Distribution Account"), insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to the guaranteed FDIC pass through limit. The Distribution Account shall be linked with the Escrow Account and shall be named, and records maintained, in accordance with the Escrow Agreement.
- 49. During the term of the Escrow Agreement, the portions of the Fair Fund transferred to the Escrow Account (the "Escrow Property") shall be invested and reinvested in short-term U.S. Treasury securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government or an agency thereof. The investment shall be, of a type and term necessary to meet the cash liquidity requirements for payments to Payees and Administrative Costs, including investment or reinvestment in a bank account insured by the FDIC up to the guaranteed FDIC limit, or in money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 that invest 100% of their assets in direct obligations of the United States Government.
- 50. The Distribution Agent shall provide duplicate original bank and/or investment statements on any accounts established by the Distribution Agent to the Tax

- 51. The Distribution Agent, in consultation with the Commission staff, shall work with the Bank on an ongoing basis to deposit or invest funds in the Escrow and Distribution Accounts so as to result in the maximum reasonable net return, taking into account the safety of such deposits or investments and tax implications; and to determine an allocation of funds between the Escrow and Distribution Account.
- 52. All interest, dividends, and/or income earned by the Escrow Property will accrue for the benefit of the Escrow Property. All Administrative Costs associated with the Escrow and Distribution Accounts will be the responsibility of the Distribution Agent, who may be reimbursed for said costs as provided in this Plan. No such Administrative Costs may be paid to the Bank, its agents, and/or its affiliates from the Escrow Property.

Distribution of the Fair Fund

- 53. Upon the Commission's staff's receipt, review, and acceptance of the Payee List and Declaration from the Distribution Agent, the Commission will petition the Court for authority to disburse funds from the Net Available Fair Fund to the Bank in accordance with the Payee List for distribution by the Distribution Agent in accordance with the Plan. The Payee List shall, upon request, be made available to the Court under seal. All disbursements will be made pursuant to a Court Order.
- 54. Upon issuance of an order to disburse by this Court, the Commission staff will direct the transfer of funds in accordance with the Payee List to the Bank. The Distribution Agent will then use its best efforts to commence mailing Distribution Payment checks and/or effect electronic payments within ten (10) business days of the release of the funds into the Escrow Account. All efforts will be coordinated to limit the time between the Escrow Account's receipt of the funds and the issuance of Distribution Payments.
- 55. All checks will be issued by the Distribution Agent from the Distribution Account. All checks will bear a stale date of one hundred eighty (180) days from the date

of issuance. Checks that are not negotiated by the stale date will be voided, and the Bank will be instructed to stop payment on those checks. A Payee's claim will be extinguished if he, she, or it fails to negotiate his, her or its check by the stale date, and the funds will remain in the Fair Fund, except if a check reissue has been requested before the stale date, as provided in paragraph 59.

- 56. All Distribution Payments will be preceded or accompanied by a communication that includes, as appropriate: (a) a statement characterizing the distribution; (b) a statement that the tax treatment of the distribution is the responsibility of each Payee and that the Payee should consult his, her or its tax advisor for advice regarding the tax treatment of the distribution; (c) a statement that checks will be void and cannot be reissued after one hundred eighty (180) days from the date the original check was issued; and (d) contact information for the Distribution Agent for questions regarding the Distribution Payment. The letter or other mailings to Payees characterizing a Distribution Payment will be submitted to the Tax Administrator and Commission staff for review and approval.
- 57. All Distribution Payments, either on their face or in the accompanying mailing, will clearly indicate that the money is being distributed from the Fair Fund established by the Court to compensate investors for harm as a result of securities law violations.

Post Distribution; Handing of Returned or Uncashed Checks; and Reissues

58. The Distribution Agent shall use its best efforts to make use of commercially available resources and other reasonably appropriate means to locate all Payees whose checks are returned to the Distribution Agent as "undeliverable." If new address information becomes available, the Distribution Agent will repackage the distribution check and send it to the new address. If new address information is not available after a diligent search (and in no event no later than one hundred eighty (180) days after the initial mailing of the original check) or if the distribution check is returned again, the check shall be voided and the Distribution Agent shall instruct the issuing financial

institution to stop payment on such check. If the Distribution Agent is unable to find a Payee's correct address, the Distribution Agent, in its discretion, may remove such Payee from the distribution and the allocated Distribution Payment will remain in the Fair Fund for distribution, if feasible, to the remaining Payees.

- 59. The Distribution Agent will reissue checks or electronic payments to Payees upon the receipt of a valid, written request from the Payee if prior to the initial stale date. In cases where a Payee is unable to endorse a Distribution Payment check as written (e.g., name changes, IRA custodian changes, or recipient is deceased) and the Payee or a lawful representative requests the reissuance of a Distribution Payment check in a different name, the Distribution Agent will request, and must receive, documentation to support The Distribution Agent will review the documentation to the requested change. determine the authenticity and propriety of the change request. If, in the discretion of the Distribution Agent, such change request is properly documented, the Distribution Agent will issue an appropriately redrawn Distribution Payment to the requesting party. Reissued checks will be void at the later of one hundred eighty (180) days from issuance of the original check or sixty (60) days from the reissuance, and in no event will a check be reissued after one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of the original issuance without the approval of Commission staff.
- 60. The Distribution Agent will work with the issuing financial institution and maintain information about uncashed checks and any returned items due to non-delivery, insufficient addresses, and/or other deficiencies. The Distribution Agent is responsible for researching and reconciling errors and reissuing payments when possible. The Distribution Agent is also responsible for accounting for all payments. The amount of all uncashed and undelivered payments will continue to be held in the Fair Fund.
- 61. The Distribution Agent will make and document its best efforts to contact Payees to follow-up on the status of uncashed distribution checks over \$100 (other than those returned as "undeliverable") and take appropriate action to follow-up on the status

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

of uncashed checks at the request of Commission staff. The Distribution Agent may reissue such checks, subject to the time limits detailed herein.

Receipt of Additional Funds

62. Should any additional funds be received pursuant to Commission or Court order, agreement, or otherwise, prior to the Court's termination of the Fair Fund, such funds will be added to the Fair Fund and distributed, if feasible, in accordance with the Plan.

Disposition of Undistributed Funds

- 63. If funds remain following the initial distribution and payment of all Administrative Costs, the Distribution Agent, in consultation with the Commission staff, may seek subsequent distribution(s) of any available remaining funds. All subsequent distributions shall be made in a manner that is consistent with this Plan and pursuant to a Court Order.
- 64. A residual within the Fair Fund will be established for any amounts remaining after the final disbursement to Payees from the Fair Fund and the payment of all Administrative Costs (the "Residual"). The Residual may include funds from, among other things, amounts remaining in the Reserve, distribution checks that have not been cashed, checks or electronic payments that were not delivered or were returned to the Commission, and tax refunds for overpayment of taxes or for waiver of IRS penalties.
- 65. All funds remaining in the Residual that are infeasible to distribute to investors will be returned to the Commission and held pending a final accounting.

Administrative Costs

66. Pursuant to the Court's Order [Docket 54], tax obligations and reasonable fees and expenses of the Tax Administrator will be paid from the Fair Fund. Pursuant to further Order of the Court [Docket 63], the payment of fees and expenses of the Distribution Agent will be paid from the Fair Fund. All other Administrative Costs will be paid from the Fair Fund, pursuant to a Court order.

Filing of Reports and Accountings

- 67. The Distribution Agent shall provide to Commission staff, who will file with the Court, a progress report, pursuant to and in a format to be provided by Commission staff, within forty-five (45) days of Court approval of this Plan, and shall provide additional progress reports within twenty (20) days after the end of every quarter thereafter, and a final report when its duties are completed.
- 68. The progress reports shall inform the Court and the Commission staff of the activities and status of Fair Fund during the relevant reporting period, and once funds are transferred to the Bank it will specify, at a minimum: (a) the location of the account(s) comprising the Fair Fund; and (b) an interim accounting of all monies in the Fair Fund as of the most recent month-end, including the value of the account(s), all monies earned or received into the account(s), funds distributed to Payees, and any monies expended from the Fair Fund to satisfy any fees, costs, taxes and other expenses incurred in the implementation of this Plan.
- 69. Upon completion of all distributions to Payees and payment of all Administrative Costs, pursuant to the procedures described above, the Distribution Agent will submit to the Commission staff a final accounting, on a standardized form provided by the Commission staff. The Distribution Agent will also submit a report to the Commission staff containing the final distribution statistics regarding distributions to individuals and entities, and such other information requested by the Commission staff. The final accounting report will include a recommendation as to the disposition of the Residual, consistent with *Liu v. SEC*, 140 S. Ct. 1936 (2020) and Section 21(d)(7) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78u(d)(7).³ If distribution of the Residual to investors is

³ Section 21(d)(7) was added to the Exchange Act by Section 6501(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021, Pub. L. No. 116-283, enacted January 1, 2021. The relevant provisions of the NDAA apply "to any action or proceeding that is pending on, or commenced on or after, the date of" the NDAA's enactment. NDAA, Section 6501(b).

infeasible, the Commission may recommend the transfer of the Residual to the general fund of the U.S. Treasury subject to Section 21F(g)(3) of the Exchange Act.⁴

Wind-down and Document Retention

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

- The Distribution Agent will shut down the website, P.O. Box and customer 70. service telephone line(s) established specifically for the administration of the Fair Fund six (6) months after the transfer of any remaining funds to the Commission, or at such earlier time as the Distribution Agent determines with the concurrence of the Commission staff.
- The Distribution Agent will retain all materials submitted by Preliminary 71. Claimants in either paper or electronic form for a period of six (6) years from the date of approval of a final accounting. Materials maintained in electronic form must be accessible and readable for the duration of retention. Pursuant to the Commission staff's direction, the Distribution Agent will either turn over to the Commission or destroy all materials, including documents in any media, upon expiration of this period.

Termination of the Fair Fund

- The Fair Fund will be eligible for termination and the Distribution Agent will be eligible for discharge after all of the following have occurred (a) a final accounting, in a standard accounting format provided by the Commission staff, has been submitted by the Distribution Agent and approved by the Court; (b) all Administrative Costs have been paid; and (c) the Court has approved the Commission's recommendation as to the final disposition of the Residual consistent with Liu v. SEC, 140 S. Ct. 1936 (2020) and Section 21(d)(7) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78u(d)(7).
- Once the Commission staff has reviewed and accepted the final accounting, the Commission will petition the Court for an order, as appropriate, approving the final

⁴ Section 21F(g)(3) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. §78u-6(g)(3), provides, in relevant part, that any monetary sanction of \$200 million or less collected by the SEC in any judicial action brought by the SEC under the securities laws that is not added to a disgorgement fund or Fair Fund or otherwise distributed to victims, plus investment income, shall be deposited or credited into the SEC Investor Protection Fund.

Case 8:18-cv-00293-JLS-DFM Document 64-1 Filed 08/03/22 Page 18 of 20 Page ID #:511

accounting, discharging the Distribution Agent, disposing of the Residual, and terminating the Fair Fund.

74. Once the Fair Fund has been terminated, no additional payments will be made whatsoever.

Attachment A

PLAN OF ALLOCATION

This Plan of Allocation is designed to compensate clients based on their losses from improper allocation of trades to their accounts by Defendants during the Relevant Period. Clients who did not have trades improperly allocated to their accounts during the Relevant Period are ineligible to recover under this Plan. Based upon records obtained by the Commission during its investigation, the Distribution Agent has identified those clients, or their lawful successors, who may have suffered losses as a result of improper trade allocation during the Relevant Period (the "Preliminary Claimants").

The Distribution Agent will calculate each Preliminary Claimant's loss ("Recognized Loss") as the sum of his, her, or its But-For Losses minus the sum of his, her, or its First-Day Losses.

<u>But-For Loss</u>: But-For Loss is calculated for each trade allocated by the Defendants to a client's account as the principal amount of the opening position multiplied by the average return on all trades allocated by the Defendants during the Relevant Period.

<u>First-Day Loss</u>: First-Day Loss is calculated for each trade allocated by the Defendants to a client's account as (a) the realized loss (or profit) resulting from the opening and closing of a position on the same trading day, or (b) the unrealized loss (or profit) from the opening of the position until the time the position was allocated to the client's account. A loss is recorded as a negative number and a profit is recorded as a positive number.

If the Recognized Loss calculates to a negative number, reflecting a gain, the Recognized Loss is \$0.00.

For example, if a client's But-For Losses sum to -\$10 and her First-Day Losses sum to -\$100, then her Recognized Loss is -\$10 - (-\$100) or \$90. If a client's But-For Losses sum to -\$120 and her First-Day Losses sum to -\$100, then her Recognized Loss is -\$120 - (-\$100) or -\$20, which is considered to be \$0 for purposes of this distribution.

Any Preliminary Claimant who suffered a Recognized Loss pursuant to this Plan of Allocation, and who is not an Excluded Party or an Unresponsive Preliminary Claimant, as defined in the Plan, will be deemed an Eligible Claimant.

Additional Provisions

Allocation of Funds: Since the Net Available Fair Fund is less than the sum of the Recognized Losses of all Eligible Claimants, each Eligible Claimant's distribution amount will equal his, her or its "*Pro Rata* Share" of the Net Available Fair Fund, subject to the "Minimum Distribution Amount."

<u>Pro Rata Share</u>: A <u>Pro Rata Share</u> computation is intended to measure Eligible Claimants' Recognized Losses against one another. The Distribution Agent shall determine each Eligible Claimant's <u>Pro Rata Share</u> as the ratio of his, her, or its Recognized Loss to the sum of Recognized Losses of all Eligible Claimants.

Minimum Distribution Amount: The Minimum Distribution Amount will be \$10.00. If an Eligible Claimant's distribution amount is less than the Minimum Distribution Amount, that Eligible Claimant will be deemed ineligible to receive a Distribution Payment and his, her, or its distribution amount will be reallocated on a *prorata* basis to Eligible Claimants whose distribution amounts are greater than or equal to the Minimum Distribution Amount.

<u>Payee</u>: An Eligible Claimant whose distribution amount equals or exceeds the Minimum Distribution Amount will be deemed a Payee and will receive a Distribution Payment equal to his, her, or its distribution amount. In no event will a Payee receive from the Fair Fund more than his, her, or its Recognized Loss.

<u>Prior Recovery</u>: To avoid payment of a windfall, the Distribution Payment will be no larger than the Payee's Recognized Loss minus the amount of any compensation for the loss that resulted from the conduct alleged in the Complaint that was received from another source (e.g., class action settlement), to the extent known by the Distribution Agent.